

# Wave Response

## Under design conditions

**Olger Koop**

[olger.koop@bmtargoss.com](mailto:olger.koop@bmtargoss.com)

**Mathematics & Water**  
**Delft, 13 November 2014**



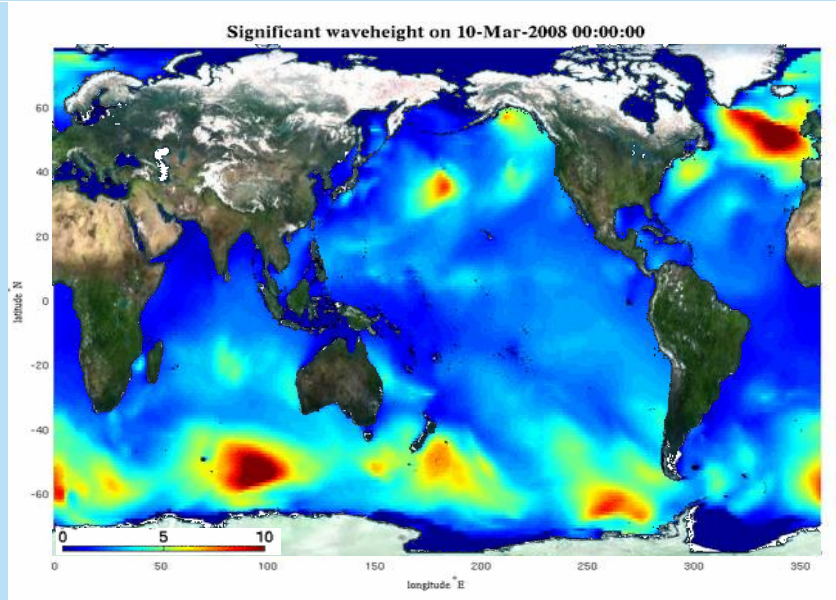
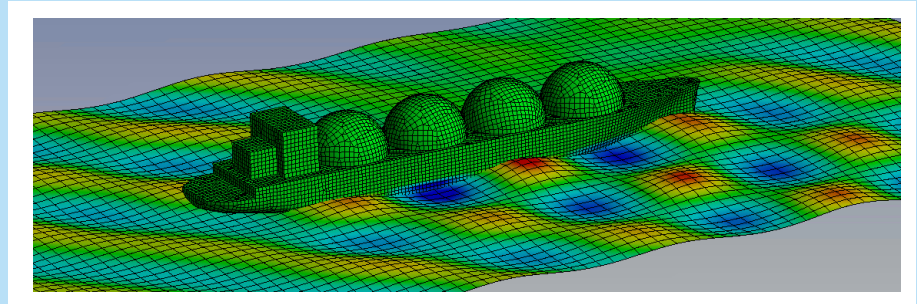
# Outline

- **BMT ARGOSS**
- **Waves & wave spectra**
- **Ship response applications**



# BMT ARGOSS

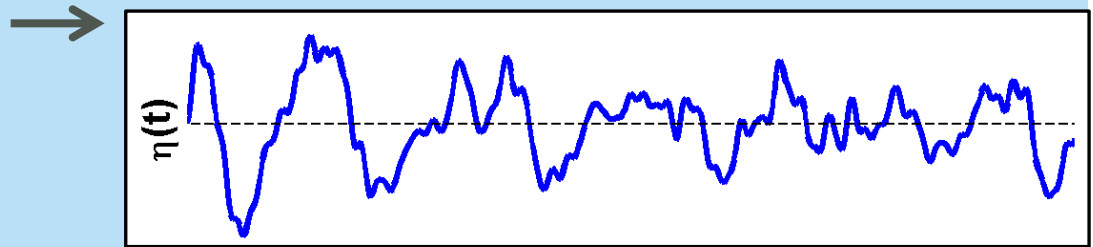
- Operational Maritime Forecast
- Metocean
- Vessel response
- REMBRANDT
- SARIS



# Wave spectra



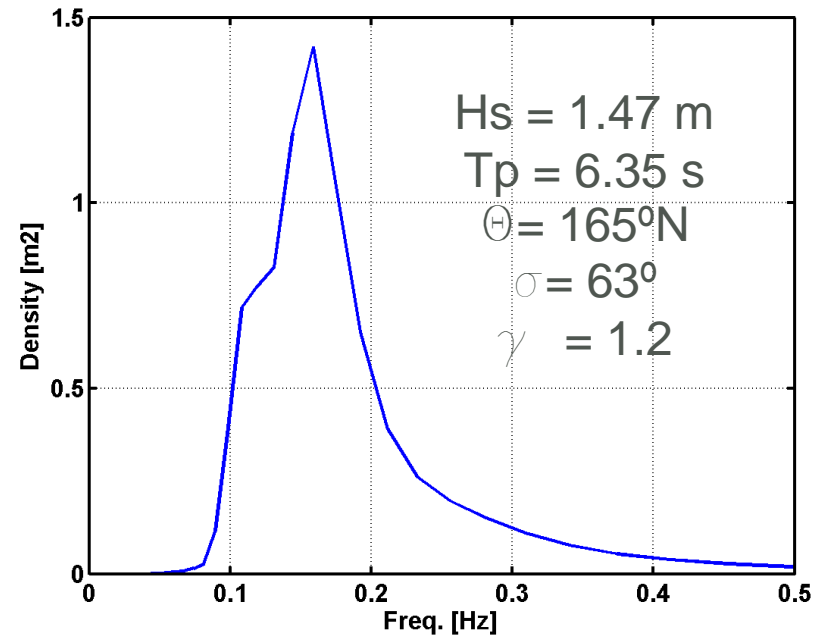
Signal (t)



FFT



Quasi 1D



Irregular waves in the field

- Measure surface elevation & wave direction (or a derivative)
- Process to obtain spectra
- Sensors can not produce 2D (directional) spectra

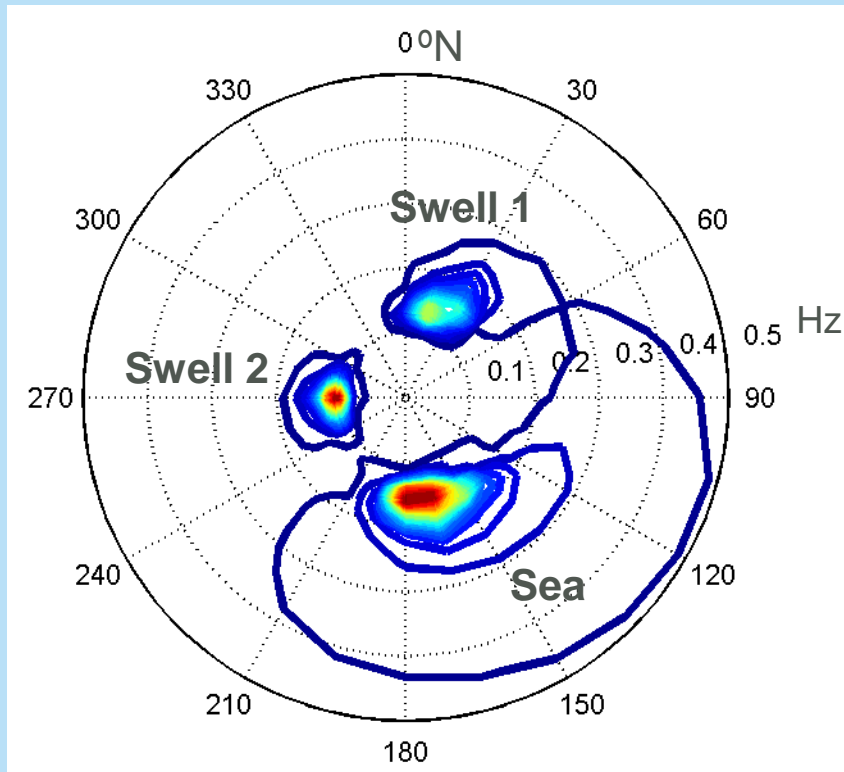
# 2D wave spectra: multiple wave systems

*Client question:*

**What wave conditions to expect at the site**

Integrated wave parameters

|           | Hs [m] | Tp [s] | Dir [°N] |
|-----------|--------|--------|----------|
| 'Sea'     | 1.18   | 6.2    | 168      |
| 'Swell 1' | 0.64   | 7.1    | 19       |
| 'Swell 2' | 0.60   | 9.1    | 269      |



Relevant for:

- Dikes
- Breakwaters
- Ports
- Shipping
- Oil platforms
- FSRU
- Dredging
- Pipelines
- Wind & wave energy

# Wave Hindcast

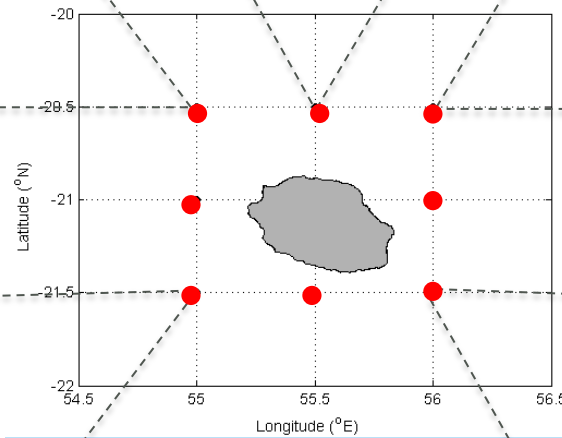
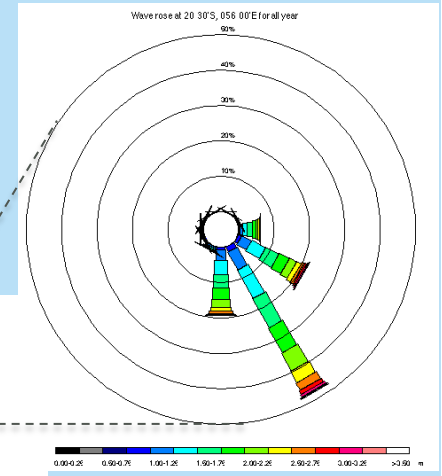
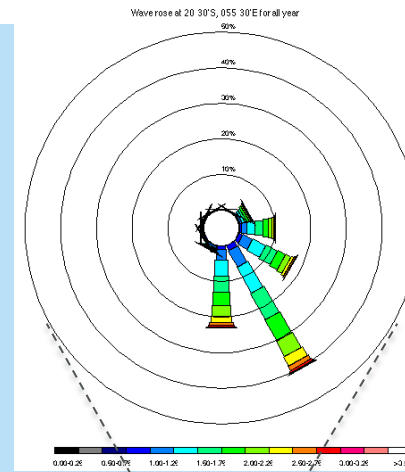
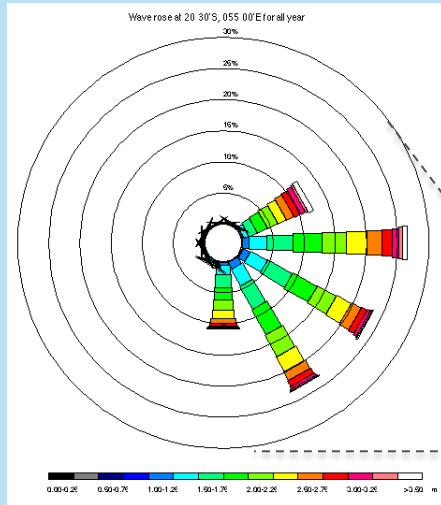
- Offshore: Numerical Models



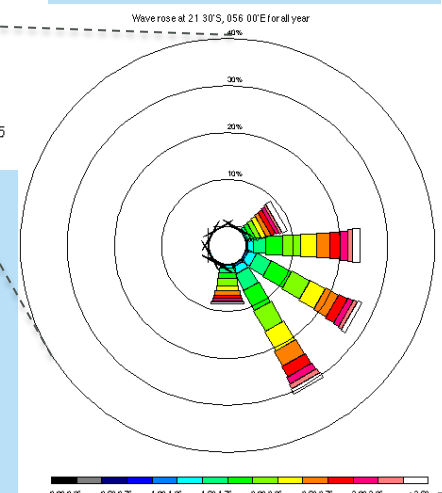
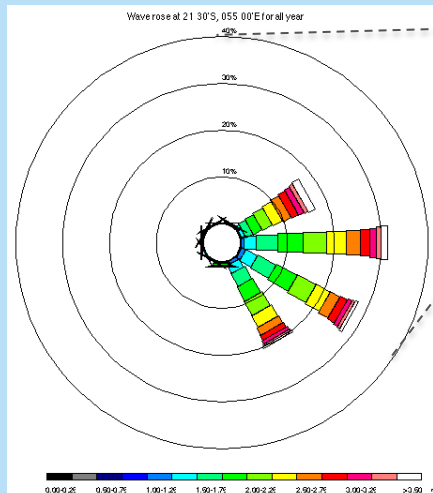
- Establish offshore climate



- Nest Nearshore Models

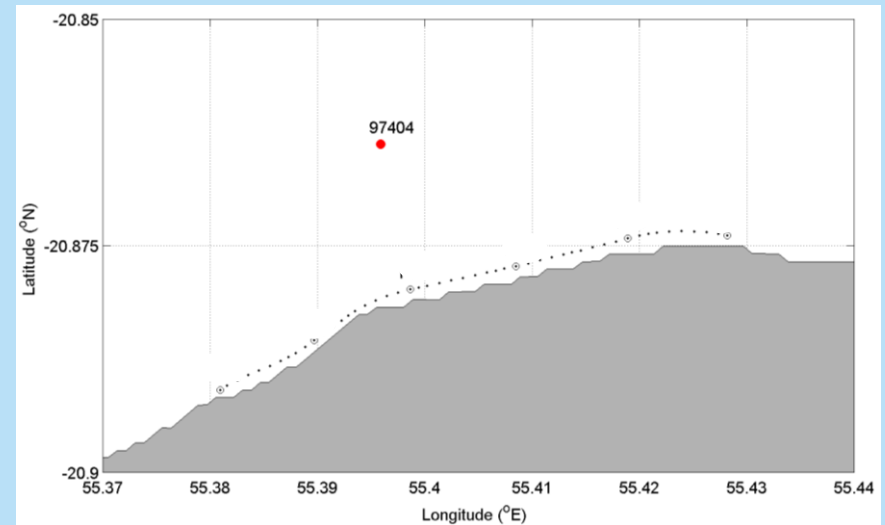


35 years!



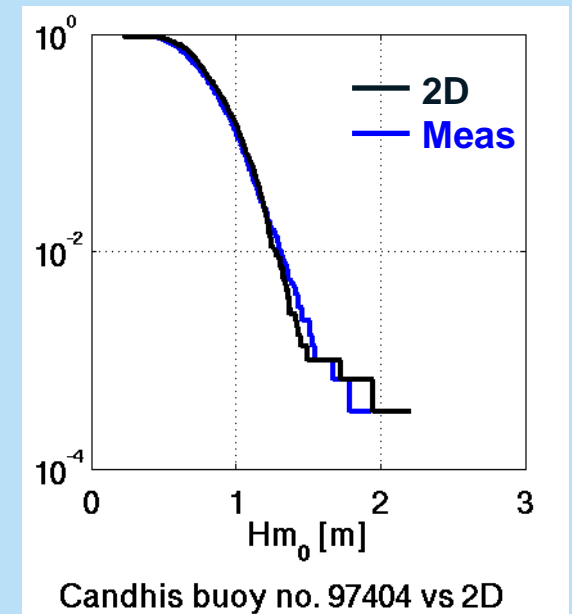
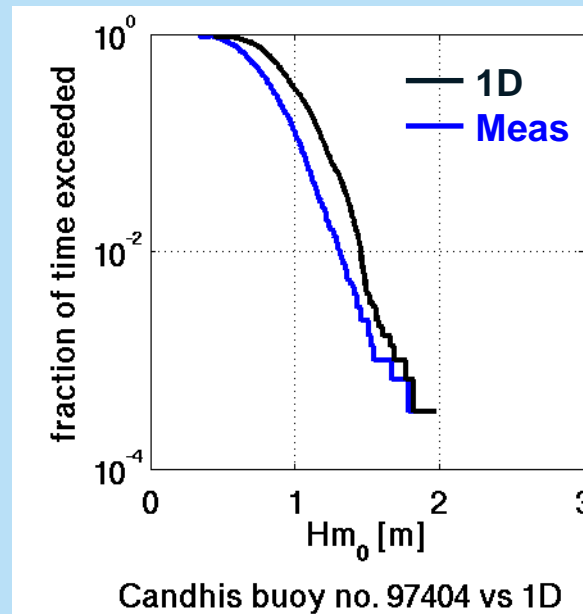
# In situ conditions

- Propagate waves from offshore to nearshore
- Validate against available data
  - Satellite observations;
  - In-situ sensors (buoys)



## Project analysis:

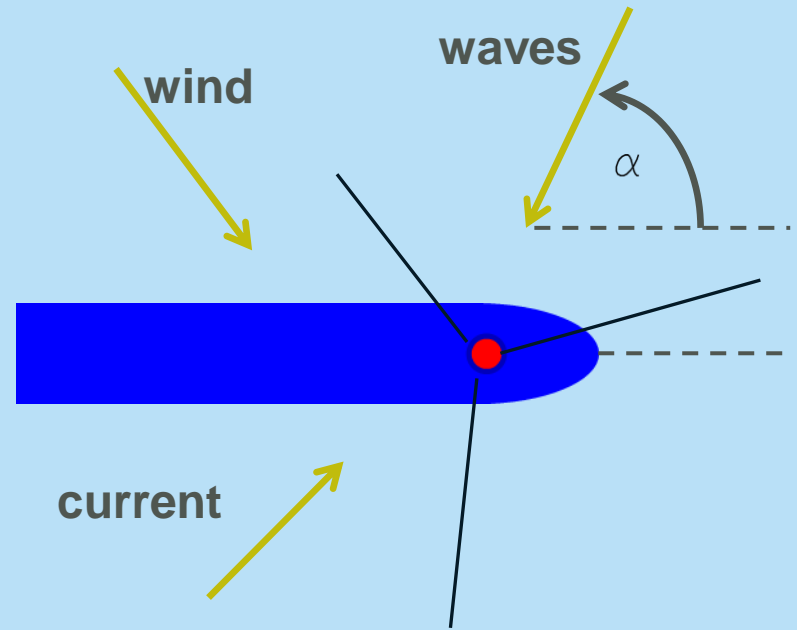
- Persistency
- Workability
- Down time
- Extreme conditions (design)



# Heading analysis

## Weather vaning ship

- Single point moored
- Environment loads F, M function of angle of incidence
- One mean stable equilibrium orientation



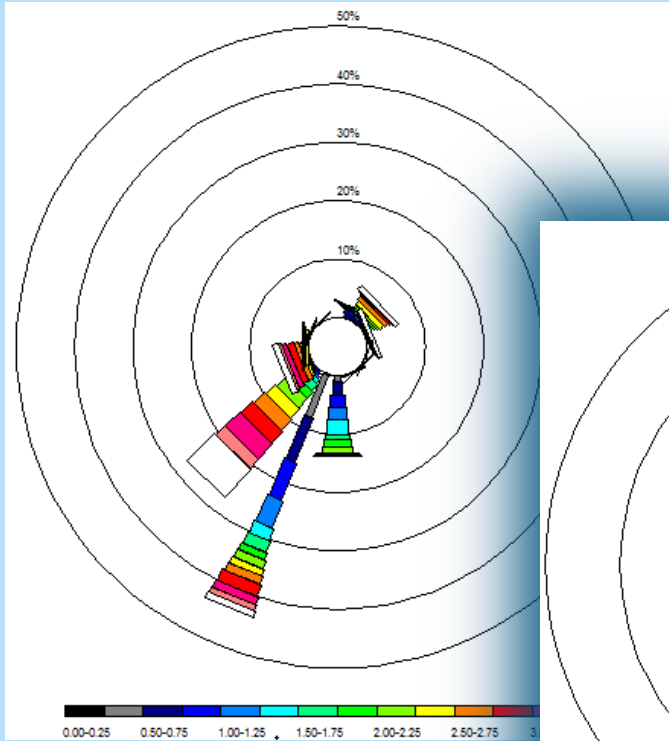
SPM (with tandem mooring)



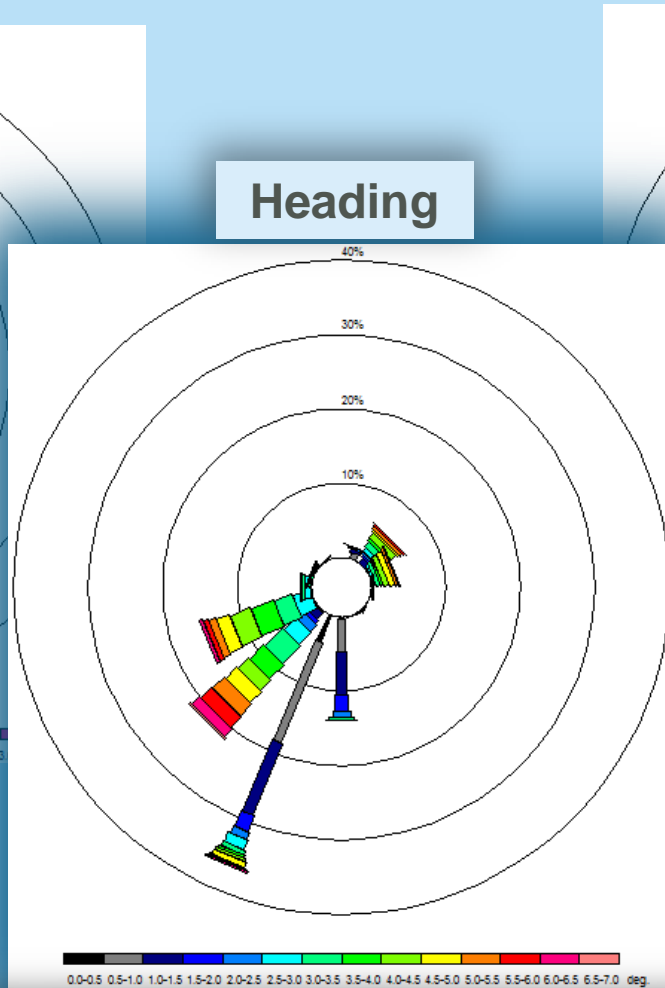


# Heading analysis (SPM)

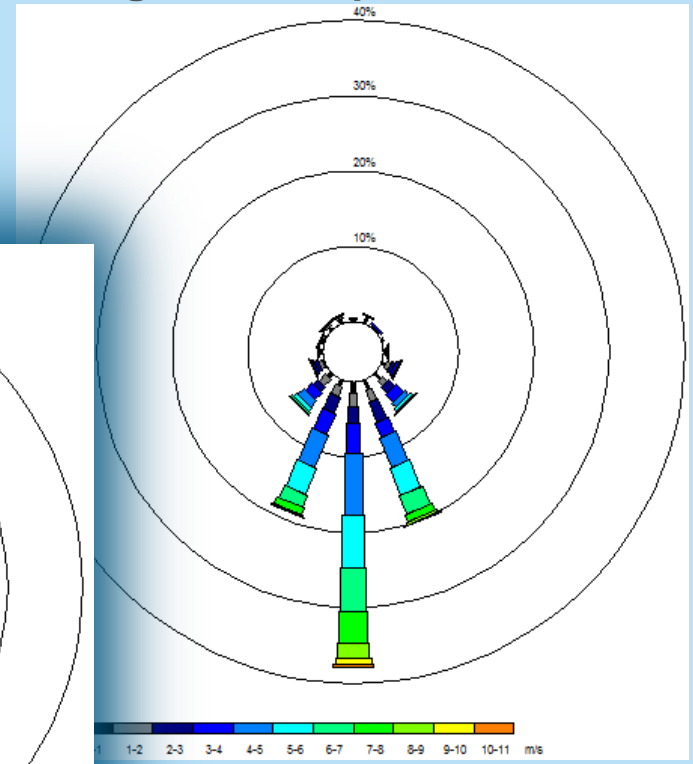
Compute wind & wave loads to obtain heading of the ship



Wave Rose



Sig. roll amplitude / Sig. wave amplitude

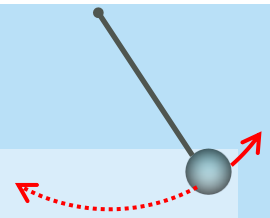


Wind Rose

# Wave response of floating body

Mass – damper – spring system

(Forced pendulum: )

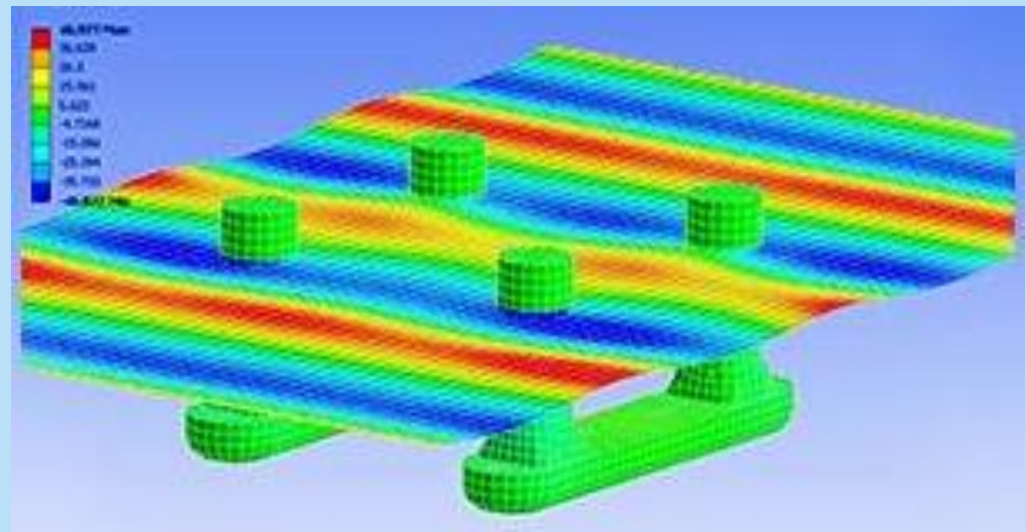


$$\text{Eq. of motion: } \left( M + A(\omega_{e,i}) \right) \ddot{x} + \left( B(\omega_{e,i}) + B_{VISC} \right) \dot{x} + Cx = \sum_{j=1}^N Fw(\omega_i, \beta_j)$$

Solve  $x$ , with  $x(t) = R \exp\{-i\omega_e t\}$

AQWA (frequency domain):

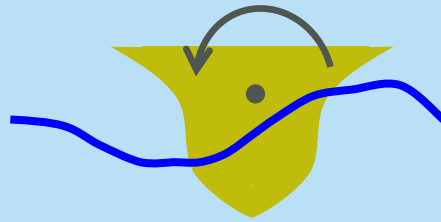
- Response Amplitude Operators
- Wave forces  $Fw$  :
  - Incoming,
  - Diffracted
  - Radiated  $A$  and  $B$
- Function of wave height & direction



# Motion response at a site

Feasibility question:

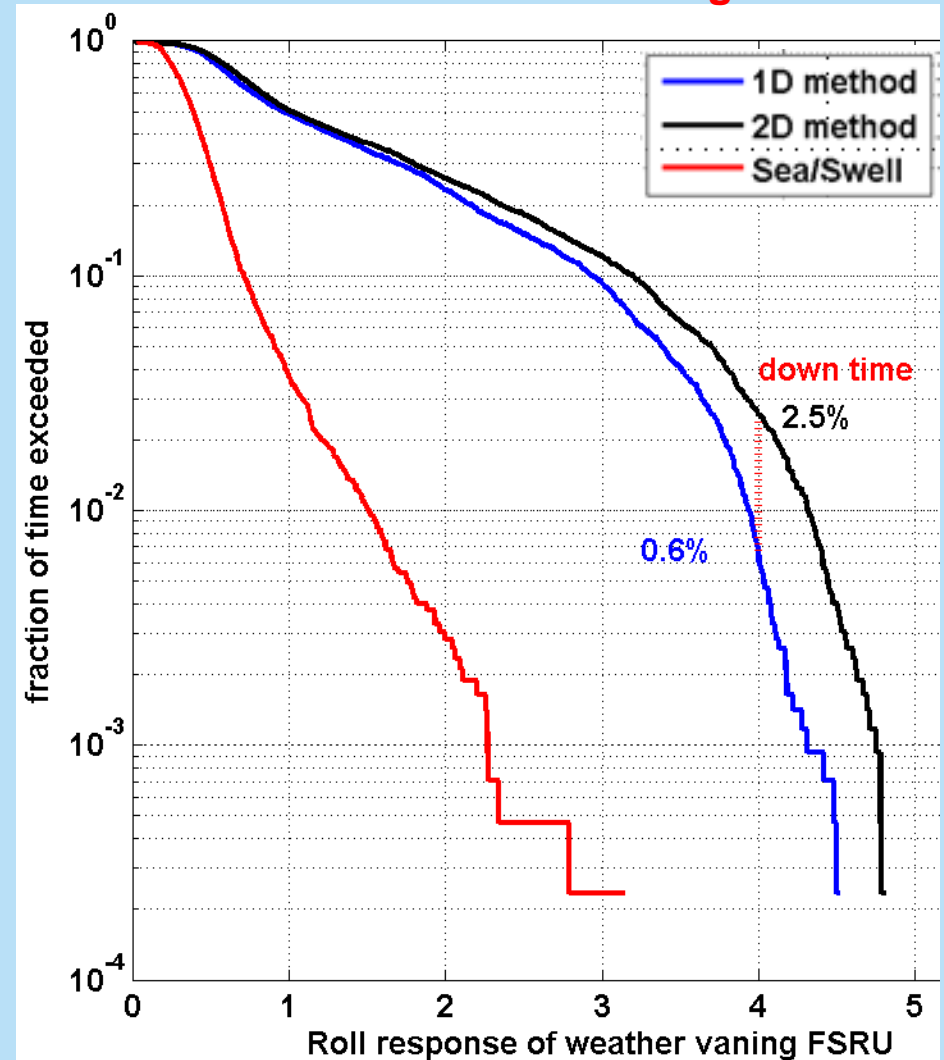
What roll motions can we expect at the site



Time series of hindcast wave data

- Integrated parameters  $H_s$ ,  $T_p$ ,  $\Theta_0$ ,  $\sigma$
- Splitted Sea & Swell
- Quasi 1D wave spectra
- Full 2D wave spectra

Roll limit: 4 degr

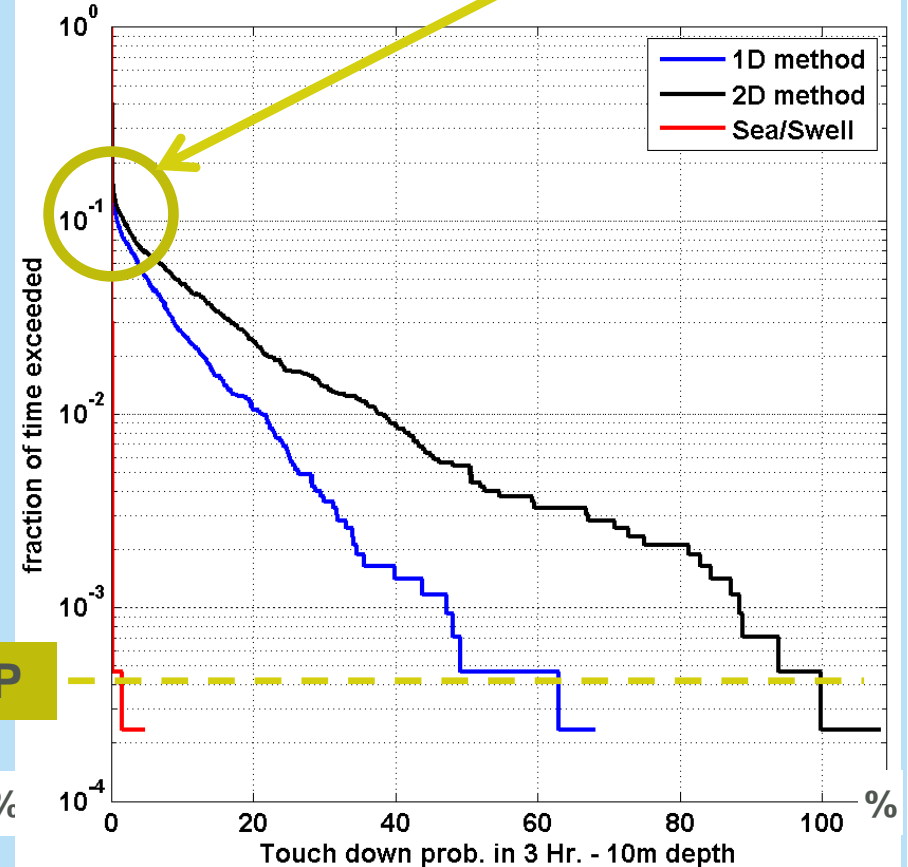
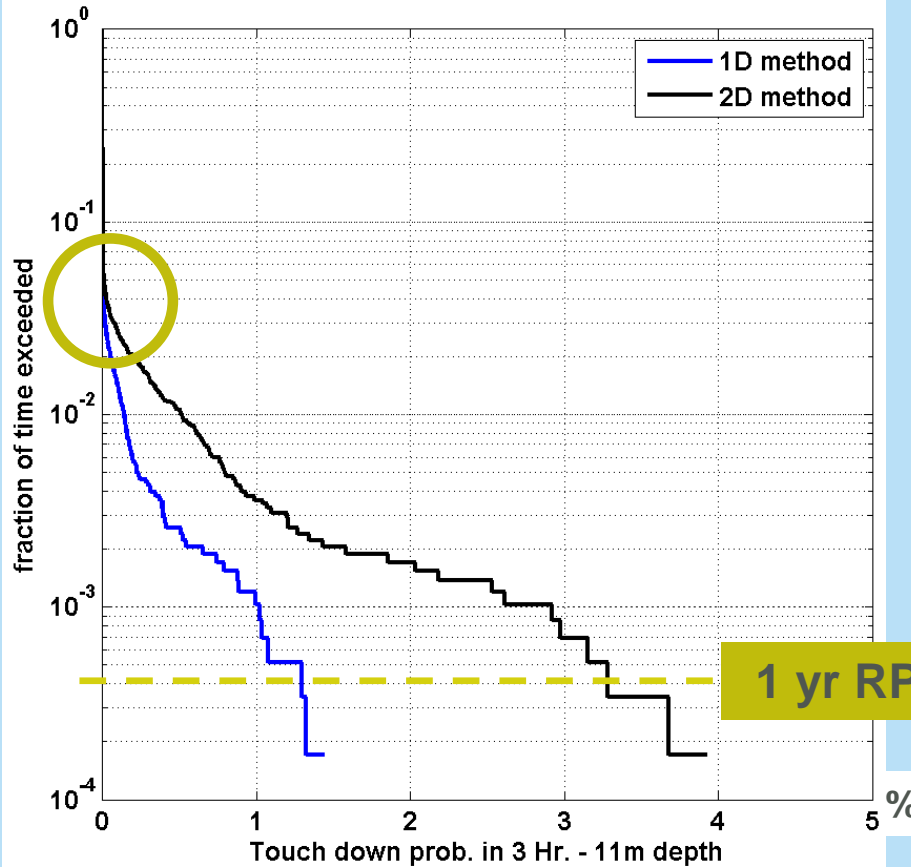


# UKC / bottom contact assessment

Feasibility question:

How much do we need to dredge?

many events have negligible risk of seabed contact



# Deep drafted ships

Capacity question:

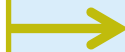
**Can we allow for deep drafted ships in the access channels?**

**Use the tide!**



Forecast:

- Water level
- Waves
- Currents

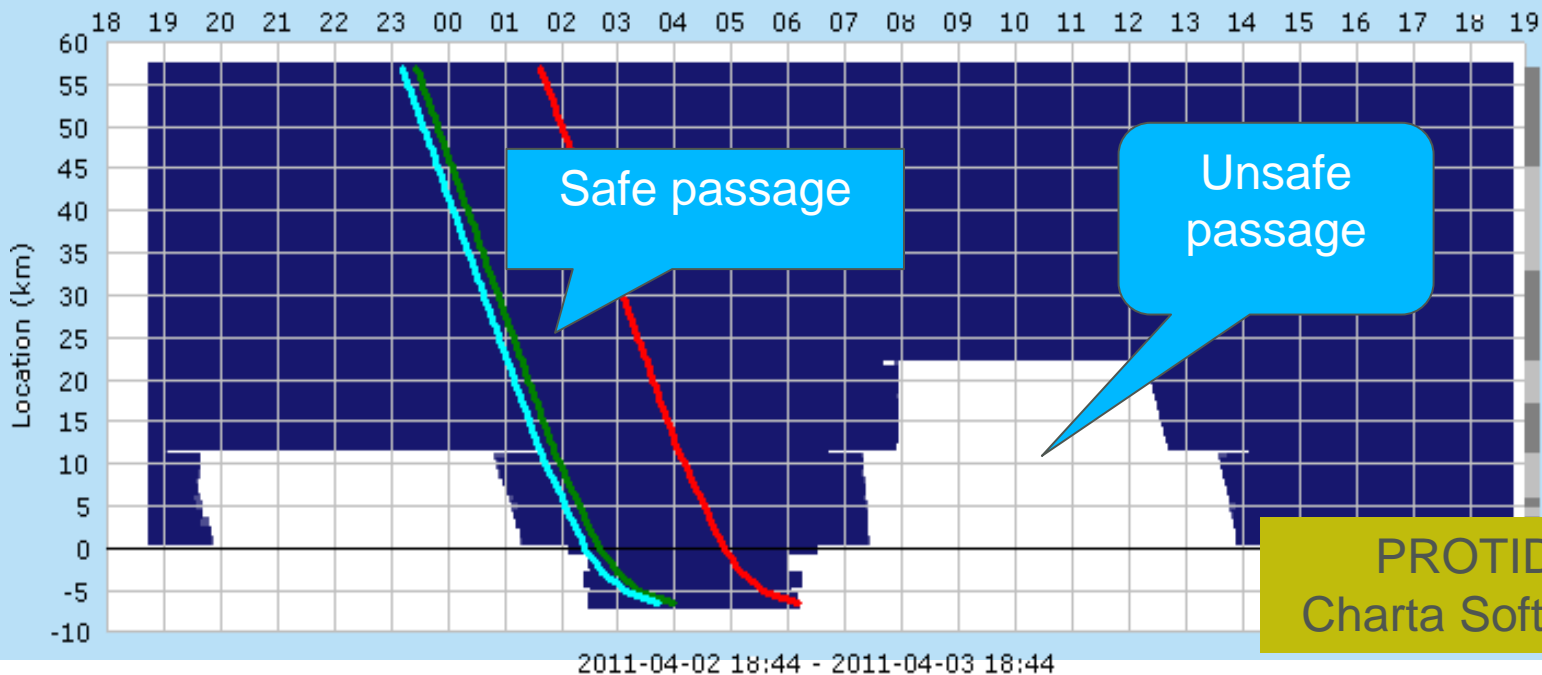
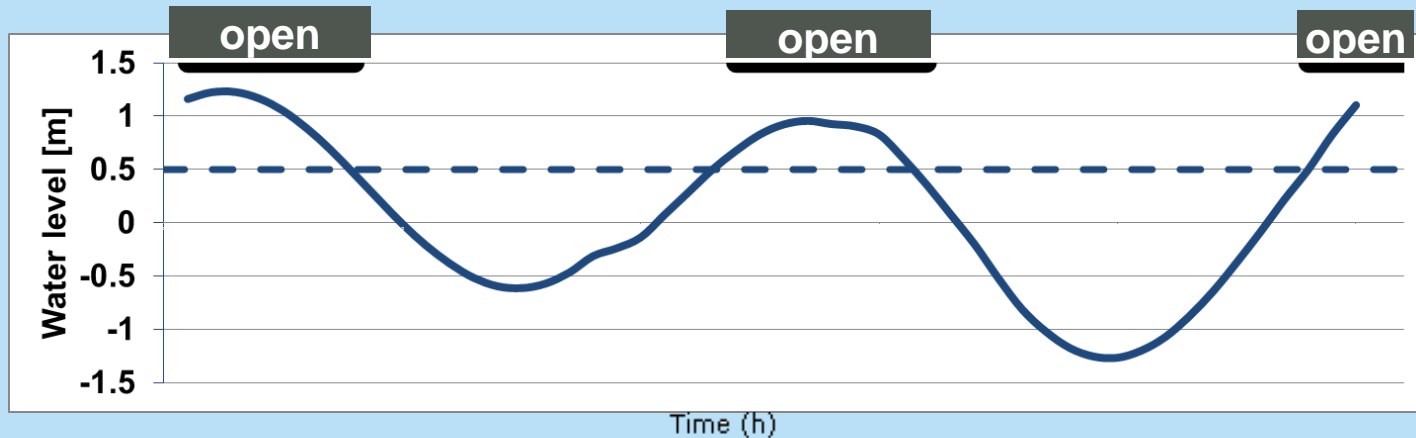


Tidal Window

**Tidal window based on:**

- Type of ship
- Sailing velocity
- Risk of seabed contact

# Tidal window example



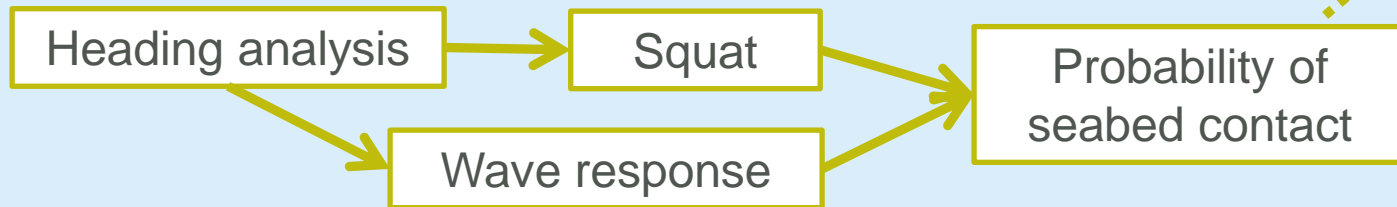
# Nautical depth of channels

Can we optimise the channel usage & reduce dredging costs?

## METRIS

- Hindcast of ships arriving & sailing in the approach channels
- Long year statistics
- Conditional design conditions:  
ships restricted under admittance policy

Per tidal window:



Insight in  
required  
depth

BMT ARGOSS &  
Charta Software BV

# Afterthought

## Why has it worked out so far?

### → Designers take conservative combinations:

E.g. design based on 1000 year RP storm AND perpendicular 100 year RP swell

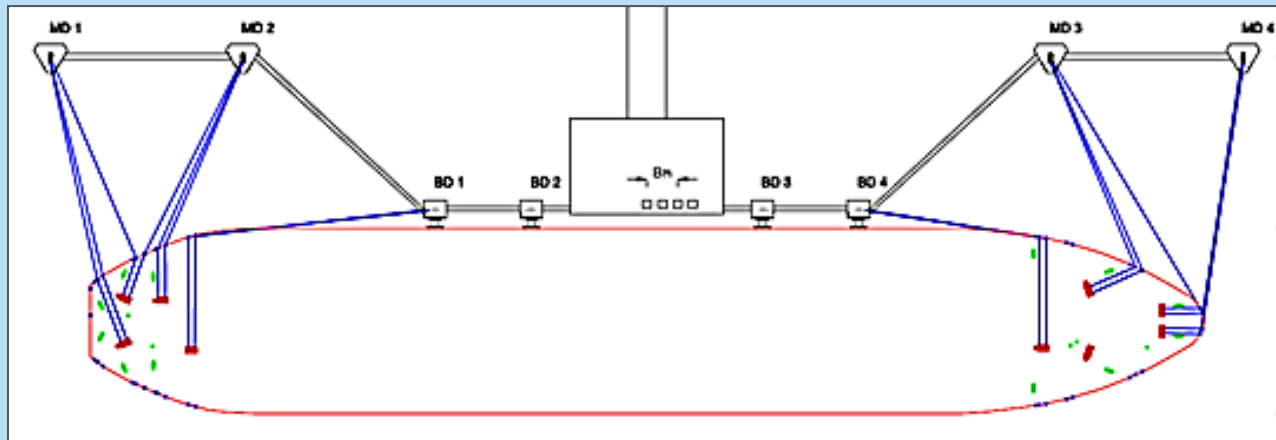
### 2D spectra do not always give higher response than 1D

E.g. single storm systems or single swell systems as 1D spectra can have a broad directional spreading per frequency bin

### Implications on moored ships (exposed jetties)

Operability & survival conditions at a terminal:

*non-linear* Dynamic Mooring Analysis → DMA computations on our cluster





**“Where will our knowledge take you?”**

[www.bmtargoss.com](http://www.bmtargoss.com)

